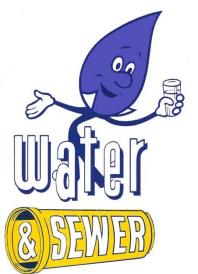


We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This Report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and to protect our water resources.

Sources of Water:

All of our water supply is from nine (9) deep groundwater wells located throughout Muhlenberg Township. The existing water system includes five (5) booster pumping stations, six (6) storage reservoirs, and about 112 miles of transmission and distribution mains. The Authority system serves portions of Muhlenberg Township (including the former Borough of Temple), and portions of Laureldale Borough and Alsace Township. Public water supply is provided to approximately 9,013 customers with an average water demand of about 3.477 million gallons per day. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water, and the Muhlenberg Township Authority works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. The Authority did not have any reporting violations in 2022, and is in full compliance with the DEP. The Authority has met the stringent guidelines for every contaminant in drinking water required to be tested by the DEP. By meeting these guidelines, there is no known or expected risk to health.



Need More Information?

If you have any questions about this Report or concerning your water utility, please contact:

> Jeff Calpino General Manager (610) 929-4709

If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held at 7:00 p.m. on the first Thursday after the first Monday of each month at the Authority's Office at 3711 Oak Street Reading, PA 19605

Know the Health Risks

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by constituents that are naturally occurring or man-made. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA and DEP prescribe regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration and DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791 or visiting the EPA Office of Water website at www.epa.gov/OGWDW. MCLs are set at very stringent levels for health effects. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant you should ask for advice from your health care provider. The highest level of Nitrate detected in the Authority's treated water in 2022 was 5.33 ppm, below levels of conern.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with services lines and home plumbing.

Muhlenberg Township Authority is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. The Action Level for lead is 15 ppb, which was not exceeded in the recent sampling. The Authority tested 30 sites for lead in 2022, with the highest detected level being 7.0 ppb. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested.

Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturallyoccurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources, such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

The Authority has met the stringent guidelines for every contaminant in drinking water required to be sampled by the PA DEP, and is in full compliance.



Impurities Detected by the Muhlenberg Township Authority

The Muhlenberg Township Authority routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This table shows monitoring results for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2022. This table shows <u>only</u> the contaminants that were detected and the levels at which they were detected. There were <u>many</u> other contaminants that were not detected in the samples collected for analysis.

Remember that the presence of certain constituents does <u>not</u> necessarily pose a health risk. All drinking water may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. As you can see by the Table, our system had no exceedances. We're proud that our drinking water meets or exceeds Federal and State requirements.

| Contaminant (Unit of Measure) | MTA Highest Level Detected | MTA Range of Detected Levels | Highest Level Allowed (MCL) | EPA MCLG (EPA Goal) | Source of Contamination | Violation Y/N | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
| Calcium (2019) | 82.0 ppm | 82.0 ppm N/A ppm N/A ppm Runoff from fertilizers; erosion of natural | | Runoff from fertilizers; erosion of natural deposits. | N | | | | |
| Magnesium (2019) | 30.3 ppm | 30.3 ppm | N/A ppm | N/A ppm | Runoff from fertilizers; erosion of natural deposits. | N | | | |
| Nitrate (as Nitrogen) | 5.33 ppm | 1.25 - 5.33 ppm | 10 ppm | 10 ppm | Runoff from fertilizers; erosion of natural deposits. | N | | | |
| | | | Microbiologica | l Contaminants | | | | | |
| Any system that has failed to complete assessments or correct all identified sidefects, is in violation of the treatment to requirement. | | all identified sanitary he treatment technique | N/A | N/A | Naturally present in the environment. | N | | | |
| | | | Volatile Organi | c Contaminants | | | | | |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 1.1 ppb | 0 - 1.1 ppb | 5 ppb | 0 ppb | Chemical found in refrigerants and cleaning agents. | N | | | |
| Trichloroethylene | 4.4 ppb | 0 - 4.4 ppb | 5 ppb | 0 ppb | Chemical found in refrigerants and cleaning agents. | N | | | |
| Radiological Contaminants | | | | | | | | | |
| Radium 226 & 228 (2020) | 1.75 pCi/L | 0 - 1.75 pCi/L | 5 pCi/L | 5 pCi/L | Naturally present in the environment. | N | | | |
| Gross Alpha (2020) | 2.6 pCi/L | 2.6 pCi/L | 15 pCi/L | 0 pCi/L | Naturally present in the environment. | N | | | |
| Combined Uranium (2020) | 0.77 pCi/L | 0.75 - 0.77 pCi/L | 20 pCi/L | 0 pCi/L | Naturally present in the environment. | N | | | |
| Disinfectant By-Products | | | | | | | | | |
| Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) | 5.0 ppb | 1.2 - 5.0 ppb | 60 ppb | N/A ppb | By-product of drinking water disinfection. | N | | | |
| Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs) | 11 ppb | 4.8 - 11 ppb | 80 ppb | N/A ppb | By-product of drinking water chlorination. | N | | | |
| Distribution Disinfectant Residual | | | | | | | | | |
| Chlorine, Distribution System | 0.87 ppm (a.) | 0.74 - 0.87 ppm (a.) | 4 ppm | 4 ppm | Water additive used to control microbes. | N | | | |

⁽a.) Monthly average values.

Note: The PA DEP allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Items not sampled for in 2022 are noted with the last year of sampling.

| Entry Point Disinfectant Residual | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Contaminant (Unit of Measure) | • | | Range of Date of Lowest Value | | Source of Contamination | Violation Y/N | |
| Chlorine (ppm), Location 102 | 0.60 ppm | 0.82 ppm | 0.82 ppm | 9/22/2022 | Water additive used to control microbes. | N | |
| Chlorine (ppm), Location 105 | 0.50 ppm | 0.67 ppm 0.67 - 0.92 ppm | | 1/1/2022 | Water additive used to control microbes. | N | |
| Chlorine (ppm), Location 106 | 0.60 ppm | 0.73 ppm | 0.73 - 0.98 ppm | 10/4/2022 | Water additive used to control microbes. | N | |
| Chlorine (ppm), Location 110 | 0.60 ppm | 0.78 ppm | 0.78 - 0.98 ppm | 10/4/2022 | Water additive used to control microbes. | N | |
| Chlorine (ppm), Location 111 | 0.60 ppm | 0.72 ppm | 0.72 - 0.98 ppm | 10/1/2022 | Water additive used to control microbes. | N | |
| Chlorine (ppm), Location 112 | 0.60 ppm | 0.80 ppm | 0.80 - 0.98 ppm | 2/8/2022 | Water additive used to control microbes. | N | |
| Chlorine (ppm), Location 113 | 0.40 ppm | 0.6 ppm | 0.6 - 0.98 ppm | 7/17/2022 | Water additive used to control microbes. | N | |
| Lead and Copper Rule ** | | | | | | | |

| Lead and Copper Rule ^^ | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------|----------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Contaminant (Unit of | | | Action | EPA MCLG | # of Sites Above AL of Total | Source of Contamination | Violation |
| Measure) | Range | | Level | | Sites | | Y/N |
| Copper (ppm) | 0.019 - 0.152 | 0.141 ppm | 1.3 | 0 | 0 of 30 | Corrosion of pipes, geology, wood preservative. | N |
| Lead (ppb) | ND - 7.0 | 2.0 ppb | 15 | 0 | 0 of 30 | Geology, corrosion. | N |

^{**}The 90th percentile results were reported for Copper and Lead as the Highest Detected Levels. Lead and Copper are regulated using a Treatment Technique which requires systems to control the corrosiveness of their water. The Action Level serves as a trigger for water systems to take additional treatment steps if exceeded in more than 10% of tap water samples.

DETECTED CONTAMINANTS HEALTH EFFECTS LANGUAGE AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

No violations of MCL or MRDL in the reporting year.

NOTE:

The Authority did not have any reporting violations in 2022, and is in full compliance with the DEP. The Authority has met the stringent guidelines for the contaminants in drinking water that are required to be sampled by the DEP. By meeting these guidelines, there is no known or expected risk to health.

Definitions

In the tables in this report you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL)

The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level

The "Maximum Allowed" is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

mg/l - Milligrams per liter or Parts per million (ppm)

One milligram per liter corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

ug/l - Micrograms per liter or Parts per billion (ppb)

One microgram per liter corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

MCLG - Maximum Contaminant Level Goal

The "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MRDL - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

MRDLG - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination.

pCi/l - Picocuries per liter

Picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Level 1 Assessment

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Definitions (continued)

Level 2 Assessment

A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Treatment Technique (TT)

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Emergency Notification Service

In an effort to provide more reliable communications with our customers, the Authority utilizes an Emergency Notification Service provided by SwiftReach Networks, Inc. In the event of an emergency that impacts our water system, the SwiftReach system will make phone calls to impacted customers. We encourage all customers to add their contact information to our system to ensure that we can communicate important information related to your water system to you in a timely manner. You can do so by visiting our website at www.muhlenberg.org and clicking on the SwiftReach Logo.

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, ó hable con alguien que lo entienda. (This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you, or speak with someone who understands it.)



Undetected Impurities Tested by Muhlenberg Township Authority

| Inorganic Contaminants (2021) Antimony Arsenic Asbestos Asbestos Barium Beryllium Contaminants | Volatile Organic | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Arsenic 2,3,7,8-TCDD (Dioxin) 1,1,1 - Trichloroeth Asbestos 2,4-D 1,1,2 - Trichloroeth 1,1,2 - Trichloroeth 1,2 - Dichloroeth 1,2 - Dichloroeth 1,2 - Dichloroeth 1,2 - Dichloroeth 1,2 - Dichloroprop 1,2,4 - Trichloroben 2,2,4 - Trichloroben | _ | | |
| Asbestos 2,4-D 1,1,2 - Trichloroethe Barium 2,4,5-TP Silvex 1,2 - Dichloroethe 1,2 - Dichloroethe 1,2 - Dichloropto 1,2 - Dichloropto 1,2 - Dichloropto 1,2 - Dichloropto 1,2 - Trichloropto 1,2 - Dichloropto 1,2 - Trichloropto 1,2 - Trichloro | lene | | |
| Barium 2,4,5-TP Silvex 1,2 - Dichloroetha Beryllium Alachlor 1,2 - Dichloroprop Cadmium Atrazine 1,2,4 - Trichloroben Chromium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzene Cyanide, Free Carbofuran Chlorobenzene Fluoride Chlordane Dichloromethar Mercury Dalapon o-Dichlorobenze Nickel Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Adipate Para-Dichlorobenze Selenium Dinoseb Styrene Thallium Diquat Toluene Endothall trans-1,2-Dichloroeti Vinyl Chloride Monochloroacetic Acid (HAA) Ethylene Dibromide Trichloroacetic Acid (HAA) Glyphosate Carbon Tetrachlor Heptachlor Heptachlor Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Lindane Methoxychlor Oxymal (Vydate) | hane | | |
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| Methoxychlor Oxymal (Vydate) | Timo inco | | |
| Oxymal (Vydate) | ence | | |
| | | | |
| PCB's | | | |
| | | | |
| Pentachlorophenol | | | |
| Piclorem | | | |
| Simazine | | | |
| Toxaphene | | | |

^{*} All contaminants are not sampled every year. Those contaminants which were not sampled in 2022 are noted with the last year of sampling in the table above.